

STOLEN LIVES UPDATE BOOKLET

Publication 2006, copyright October 22nd

This small publication contains some of the information that we have been able to collect since the 1999 book, *Stolen Lives: Killed by Law Enforcement*, 2nd edition. That book is available through Amazon.com, and contains over 2000 cases of people killed nationwide in the decade of the 1990's. We also have that data available in a CD-Rom form. The cases and histories contained in that book are not repeated in this booklet.

This booklet is NOT a completed work of research, far from it. It is in fact, just the tip of the iceberg and barely hints at what is actually happening. We need YOU, as volunteers, to help in this process. It is our hope that by putting forward the information that we have been able to gather, we can encourage more people to come forward as volunteers to help with this work-in-progress. We welcome volunteers of all kinds for this major endeavor – researchers, writers, editors, artists, computer programmers. This research needs to be done, and these stories collected, so that they can be TOLD.

Taken from across the country, these cases reveal a gruesome pattern of law enforcement agents acting as judge, jury and executioner; doling out the death penalty for people having an outstanding warrant, being in the wrong place, needing medical attention for mental disturbance, or "looking suspicious". Since 9/11, we have witnessed and documented an alarming leap in the number of cases of police brutality and murder; and have also seen the extension of policing into racial profiling beyond the traditional communities of Blacks, Latinos and immigrants to include people of Muslim, Arab or South East Asian descent.

When law enforcement agents are handed a carte blanche by Homeland Security and the USA PATRIOT Act to stop, frisk, and arrest people at will, the result is all too clear – **HOMELAND SECURITY = MORE STOLEN LIVES**

We encourage people to get out these photos and stories as broadly as possible. We request that the Stolen Lives Project is credited or referenced if they are used, so that other people will know who to contact to make sure that their loved one's story can be included.

The "Presente" Tradition of October 22nd

One of the traditions of the October 22nd National Day of Protest to Stop Police Brutality, Repression and the Criminalization of a Generation marches and rallies is that the marchers call out the names of people killed by law enforcement, and everyone responds, "Presente" ("present" in Spanish). In this way, we remember the people whose lives have been stolen from us. Very often, people are familiar with the cases from their own local area, but don't know the names or stories of people from other areas.

The first section of this booklet presents a very limited number of cases from different areas from different years, so that people may learn some of the stories. The rest of the booklet contains a printout of some of the names and dates that we have been able to collect. These can be used in the "Presente" tradition of October 22nd.

Send information on Stolen Lives to: info@october22.org

Written and distributed by: **October 22nd Coalition** P.O. Box 2627, New York, New York 10009

2006

San Francisco: Asa Sullivan

On June 7, 2006, Asa Sullivan, 25 was shot by SFPD in his friend's attic. He was holding forth an eyeglass case, which police claimed they thought was a gun.

Las Vegas: Tarance Hall

July 4, 2006 – Tarance Hall was shot and killed for playing his car radio too loudly. The incident was captured on video by some tourists and shown nationwide.

2005

Los Angeles: Suzy Pena

July 14, 2005 – A police SWAT team in Watts shot and killed 18-month-old Suzy Pena as she was held in her father's arms, when he was in a confrontation with police.

Cleveland: Brandon McCloud

Sept. 1, 2005 – In the early morning of September 1st, before the sun came up, on a quiet, well kept street in Cleveland's east side, a lynching without rope took place at 5:15 am before 15 year old Brandon McCloud got up to go to school. The whole police murder smelled like fascism as the police told his grandmother, Dorothy Chappell, to go no where, stay by her car as she was leaving for work. At gun point they held her. And three pigs at the front of the house, forced Brandon's uncle out in his underclothes and held there at gun points as two cops barged into the house without a signed search warrant. Suddenly, in moments the harsh silence was broken. Repeated shots were heard inside the house. Brandon, a 15 year old, was shot 10 times, 4 to the head. The pigs came out, got on their cell phones laughing, as Brandon's uncle and grandmother are horrified and crying. Within 24 hours of the killing, the head of the police union called the police doing their job because the youth was nothing more than a "street thug" who held up a pizza delivery man and the cops said he was lunging at them with a knife. The knife they showed came from the kitchen it was proven later. As Dorothy told me, "Brandon was assassinated, the only knife he might have was a bread knife because he ate in his room."

2004

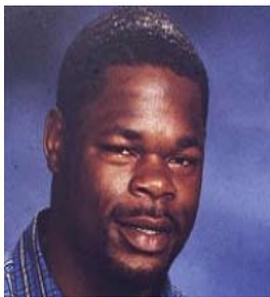
Seattle: Samson Bounthisane

September 13, 2004 – Samson Bounthisane stepped outside his home and stabbed his neighbor. He fled to a friend's house where he drove away in a car. King County Sheriff's Deputies searched for him in south Seattle, unincorporated King County. King County Deputy Mullen received information that Samson was in a Seattle neighborhood nearby the stabbing scene. Deputy Mullen called his brother, who was also a King County Deputy, however he was off-duty. The Deputies rammed their vehicle into the driver's side of the car Samson was driving near South Othello and Martin Luther King, Jr. Way. They immediately demanded he get out of the car with his hands up, and when he emerged from the passenger door he was immediately shot in the neck. Samson was shot eight times in the front of his body and when he fell to the ground he was shot in the back. The Deputies handcuffed him bloodied and dead. He was shot first by the off-duty Deputy on City of Seattle jurisdiction. Samson was a young youth at risk, the King County Deputies did not try intervention nor did they take the time to positively identify him before they shot him. The neighbor who was stabbed stated, when interviewed by the major networks' local affiliates, that he felt worse for the family of Samson than for himself since he survived the incident.

2003

Benton Harbor, Michigan: Terrance Shurn

June 16, 2003 - Police chased motorcyclist Terrance "T-Shirt" Shurn through the streets of Benton Harbor, Michigan, leading to his fatal crash into an abandoned home. Shurn was left bleeding for two hours before medical care arrived, and died while friends looked on helplessly. Benton Harbor youth, tired of repeated incidents of police brutality, racism and an overall climate of class and race segregation and economic despair, began an uprising. By June 18th, day, at least 200 Michigan State Police were called in and Benton Harbor became an occupied zone.



Bay Area: Cau Thi Bich Tran

July 13, 2003 – Vietnamese immigrant Cau Thi Bich Tran, a 25-year-old mother of two pre-schoolers, was shot dead in her kitchen by a San Jose policeman. Police were responding to a 911 call that an unsupervised toddler was roaming the street. Police say the petite mother (4'10" 90 lb) yelled at police to get out and then threatened the police with an Asian vegetable peeler. But the only witness, the father of Ms. Tran's children, says she never ordered the police out and police never ordered her to drop the peeler. In less than a minute after the police arrived, she lay dead with a bullet through the chest.



The police and the Assistant District Attorney (D.A.), before launching an investigation, immediately went to the press and implied that the victim was a violently crazed attacker with a deadly weapon, and that the policeman correctly protected himself from the lethal threat. But when the Vietnamese community rose up united in outrage, the Assistant D.A. was taken off the case, the D.A. promised open grand jury hearings, and the police expressed "condolences" via Vietnamese radio and newspapers. Still, despite the public relations efforts, the authorities have made clear their conclusion and what outcome to expect.

New York: Alberta Spruill

May 2003 – The outrageous incident that killed Alberta Spruill galvanized public opinion that racist police practices continued to go unchecked in the Black community even after 9/11. Alberta Spruill, a 29 year NYC civil servant, union activist, and churchgoer who ministered the homeless and AIDS patients, was getting ready to go to work that day. As described by the North Star Network website, "The 57-year-old Harlem resident and grandmother was on the receiving end of an errant police raid prompted by the finger pointing of an informant. The police, acting on a "tip", forced their way into Spruill's home, setting off flash grenades, and reigning terror upon the unsuspecting apartment dwellers." The cops quickly searched the apartment. They found no drugs or guns or dog as they claimed they thought was in the apartment. By then it was too late. Ms. Alberta, as she was affectionately called by her neighbors, went into cardiac arrest after they uncuffed her. Alberta Spruill was literally "scared to death." As award winning Newsday columnist Jimmy Breslin succinctly put it, "No cops ever crash into the apartment of a white."



2002

New Jersey: Santiago "Chago" Villaneuva

April 2002 – Santiago "Chago" Villaneuva was a 35 year old Dominican folk dancer and musician prominent in the Washington Heights community of Manhattan. On April 16, 2002, while at work in Bloomfield, NJ, he suffered an epileptic seizure. The responding police "treated him like a criminal, using excessive force instead of giving him medical attention." The family attorney stated, "The officers were screaming at him, telling him to speak English and asking whether he was using drugs." They threw him on the floor, handcuffed and sat on him. Chago died by asphyxiation.



The medical examiner ruled that Chago died by "mechanical asphyxiation," they were never suspended and continued to work the streets for another year. In fact the police claimed that they should've been credited for attempting to "save" Villaneuva. Even after they were indicted for manslaughter in April 2003, the pro-police forces were more than prepared and organized support of the indicted cops – rallies where off-duty cops and their supporters gleefully and physically threatened Chago supporters, chanted anti-immigrant, pro-America slogans.

Cleveland, Ohio: Ricardo Mason

August 27, 2002 – Ricardo Mason, 16 years old, and two friends, were cruising in the West side neighborhood of Cleveland. They were riding in a car his friend, Malcolm Hoyle, had borrowed and was driving. The three youth had just turned 16 years old. Then a chase began and the police went after them. The police ran into the youths' car, hitting it repeatedly with the huge, metal-ramming bumper of the police cruiser. Then the youth cut through an empty lot to get away from the police. At this point, according to a witness, the cops rammed the car again and again, jolting the youth forward towards the windshield and then back. The car was rammed into a pole. At that point the car could go nowhere. A cop came up to the driver's window and shot Malcolm in the face. As Ricardo held Malcolm and told the police to stop shooting, a cop shot and killed Malcolm. Some people said the police were so cruel that they pulled Ricardo out of the car and beat him even after they knew he was dead, that Ricardo was thrown into the EMS truck, never even put on a gurney. Within a day or two, before Ricardo was even buried, Malcolm was charged with his best friend's death, charged with involuntary manslaughter. He was later charged with murder of his friend. The police claimed Malcolm backed the car up, pinned a cop between two cars and a fence and nearly ran him over. But according to eyewitnesses, the police car had pushed the youths' car into the pole, there was no room to back it up, and at that point, it wasn't even running.

Seattle: Robert Lee Thomas, Sr.

On the morning of April 7, 2002 Robert Lee Thomas Sr., a 60-year-old Black man, was driving his son, Robert Jr., and his son's fiance to a housewarming party for a friend who lived in an unincorporated area of King County just south of Seattle. They stopped at the side of a road not far from the house so they could orient themselves in the unfamiliar neighborhood. A resident of the neighborhood called King County Deputy Mel Miller, who also lived in the neighborhood but was off-duty at the time, and told him there was a "suspicious" truck with a black man in it blocking a private road.

Deputy Miller, who is white and was in plain clothes, went outside with his service revolver and approached the truck from the passenger side - an apparent violation of department policy in that deputies are to not engage in police work in their neighborhood while off-duty. Deputy Miller claimed Robert Sr. then aimed a semiautomatic pistol at him, forcing him to fire 3 shots into the pickup truck. However, Robert Jr., who

was shot in the hand by Deputy Miller; claimed Deputy Miller shot Robert Sr. while his hands were in the air and he was begging the deputy not to shoot. Initial media reports claimed a pistol was "found in the pickup truck"; curiously, one media report noted that a gun was clutched in Robert Sr.'s hand when a photographer arrived - although weapons are typically kicked away as soon as possible after an incident. Even a Sheriff's Department spokesperson admitted the gun Robert Sr. allegedly wielded was not fired during the incident.

Almost immediately after the incident, King County Sheriff Dave Reichert claimed Robert Sr. was part of a "motorcycle gang" and that his "judgment may have been clouded by taking drugs during an all-night party", but later apologized when community leaders pointed out that Robert Sr. was a member of an organized motorcycle enthusiasts' club and that no drugs or paraphernalia had been found in his truck. An autopsy showed no drugs were in his system.

Inquest testimony showed that the entire incident - from the time Deputy Miller approached the truck to the time he shot Robert Sr. - took 15 seconds, and even Deputy Miller admitted he did not identify himself until after he shot. One juror, a Black former campus police officer, was removed from the inquest for showing "bias" after stating that the many uniformed officers in the courtroom where there "to intimidate us". A majority of the jurors found the shooting justified.

After the April 16th funeral for Robert Sr., about 200-300 people marched about a mile from the church onto the Interstate 5 freeway in downtown Seattle, blocking rush-hour traffic for a few hours and backing it up for many miles. A few dozen onlookers were cheering for them when they finally walked off the freeway. For a few weeks after the inquest, 30-60 people staged daily marches around the King County courthouse to highlight demands by the Seattle NAACP chapter that Deputy Miller be prosecuted for clear violation of King County Sheriff's Department policies, and that a federal investigation be initiated. King County Prosecutor Norm Maleng declined to prosecute Deputy Miller, stating it was up to the Sheriff's Department to determine if Deputy Miller had violated department policies.

Los Angeles, California: Gonzalo Martinez

February, 2002 – After a police car chase, Gonzalo got out of his car, unarmed, and was shot 34 times.

New York: Georgy Louisgene

January, 2002 – Georgy Louisgene, a 23 Haitian immigrant, was shot five times by two 67th Precinct cops responding to a 911 call. While



the circumstances of this case are complex, this is definitely known. Georgy had been victimized by a gang of people who had chased and beaten him. He sought refuge by banging on the third floor apartment door of Janet McQuillar. As reported by the Village Voice, McQuillar said, "Soon as I opened it, he started crying and saying, 'Shut the door! Shut the door!'" she wailed, imitating him. An instant later he grabbed the stick, and a 12-inch serrated kitchen knife that was lying nearby..."Mind you," explained McQuillar, "He did not take the weapons to hurt anybody. He took [them] to protect himself, because he was scared to go out there." (Village Voice)

When the police arrived, Louisgene ran to receive them. However, he was still holding on to the stick and serrated kitchen knife he had picked up. Witnesses reported that he was gesturing with the police toward the area where he had been attacked. This is contrary to the police reports that they had been "backed up against the gate." In actuality he was begging the police for help. Residents of the apartment complex have summed up that this is another case of white cops shooting first and asking questions later, especially as it relates to criminalizing

person of color. The Brooklyn DA has refused to prosecute the police officers in this case, and several residents and witnesses from the apartment have since moved out from their former residences fearing police retaliation stemming from this police killing.

2001

High Point, North Carolina: Gilbert Alexander Barber

On May 18, 2001 a Guilford County Deputy shot and killed Gilbert during an alleged struggle for the deputy's gun. Near 4:00 am, Gilbert was naked and yelling at passing cars, and someone called 911. He was bleeding from various cuts and abrasions over a large part of his body. He had a baseball sized, raised bruise protruding from the center of his forehead, clearly visible. Clearly this young man needed medical help, not to be pepper-sprayed, arrested nor shot.

The deputy, who had less than 1 year patrolling experience, arrived and chose to make an arrest. The deputy said he approached Gilbert and ordered him to the ground, but he admitted that Gilbert didn't seem to understand what he was saying. Then, from the deputy's own testimony, he ordered Gilbert to "get the fuck on the ground, get the fuck on the ground". To make the arrest, the deputy pepper-sprayed Gilbert's open wounds. Then the deputy alleges that a struggle occurred over the deputy's gun. Several shots were fired, the gun jammed, the deputy cleared the jam, located another clip, loaded it and fired several more shots, three of them striking Gilbert and killing him. From the time the deputy arrived until he called and said that he was shot took 113 seconds.

There were two witnesses to the incident. The first said that Gil never touched the deputy, nor had his hands on the deputy's gun. According to this witness, the deputy stumbled and fell, with the gun firing, shooting him in the leg. The other witness statement were almost exact word for word as the deputy's statement, which wasn't taken until 5 days later, after all of the witnesses were questioned.

The sheriff referred to Gilbert as "A Raging Bull", never as a human. He also made the statement to the media that he must be on drugs or alcohol to act like this. The autopsy report revealed that he wasn't under the influence of any substance. The Sheriff was so convinced that all young black men use drugs that he had the medical examiners office run toxicology tests three different times. Each time the results came back negative. The Sheriff's remarks to the media about this young man were designed to influence the public, and to portray this man as a horrible, vicious criminal that deserved to be slain under any circumstances.

It was found that Gilbert had a fractured skull, and this may have been part of the reason he was naked and acting strangely. Gilbert was accused of breaking into a nearby church, but he didn't steal anything. He was supposed to have bitten into a collection plate and pulled 5 teeth

out by the root in this church. Their so-called investigation proved that it was impossible to pull out the teeth. The dentist said that they were knocked out and that Gilbert couldn't do it himself. That put some one else there that the Sheriff and the DA aren't interested in. The DA and the Sheriff said they weren't interested in what happened before the killer arrived. Their only interest is clearing the deputy.

Birmingham Alabama: Carlos Martez Antonio Williams

December, 2001 – When Carlos Williams failed to appear in court over a minor charge of breaking and entering a vehicle, he was declared a "fugitive" by the city of Birmingham. When Birmingham police officer Lorenzo Hughes unexpectedly ran into Carlos Williams in the course of doing investigation on another situation, he told Williams he was under arrest. Carlos argued, saying that he hadn't done anything wrong, and went into a bedroom and closed the door. When Carlos opened the door, he was shot seven times in the head, and four times in the abdomen. The officer claimed that he thought Carlos had a gun, but no gun was ever found at the scene, and neighbors and family testify that Carlos had no weapon. Carlos was killed in full view of his aunt, his sister, and his baby cousin.



Seattle: Aaron Roberts

Late in the evening of May 31, 2001 Aaron Roberts, a 37-year-old Black man, was pulled over by Seattle Police Officers Greg Neubert and Craig Price for "erratic driving". Within minutes, he was shot dead by Officer Price. Officer Neubert initially claimed he had asked Aaron for his license and "other paperwork", then reached into Aaron's car for the papers when Aaron suddenly drove off, dragging Officer Neubert with him. This would be a violation of Seattle Police Department procedures to not reach inside cars during traffic stops. Officer Neubert later claimed Aaron had grabbed his arm and pinned him inside the car as Aaron drove off. Both officers claim Aaron drove up to a nearby intersection before shifting the car into reverse. Officer Price claimed he then entered the car from the passenger side as it was moving, and that Aaron then grabbed at his gun while still pinning Officer Neubert inside his car AND driving it, forcing him to shoot Aaron to save Officer Neubert's life.

However, at least two independent eyewitnesses to the killing claim neither officer was ever inside Aaron's car. Also, Aaron was known to Officer Neubert, and had previously been beaten by him. After the shooting, Aaron's 16-year-old son was arrested and charged with third-degree assault for trying to push through police tape around the scene to be nearer his wounded father, and spent the night in juvenile detention.

Thousands of people protested Aaron's killing, and at one tense meeting with public officials attended by hundreds, Seattle Police Chief Gil Kerlikowske admitted his police officers "are trained to shoot to kill". In response to the protests, Seattle police claimed they had begun "de-policing" to avoid "false" claims of racism. At the time, local October 22nd Coalition activists knew the "de-policing" claim to be false because some of their members had witnessed, and interviewed victims of, raids by Seattle police in June 2001 on the homes of people who had spoken out about Aaron's killing. The August 2nd, 2001 headlines of the Seattle Times set the record (semi-)straight: "Stats contradict 'de-policing' claims".

On June 29, 2003 the consequences of Aaron's killing took another life, as his now 18-year-old son committed suicide. At the funeral, Aaron's brother Eric (a member of the October 22nd Coalition) said "I knew Cos like the back of my glasses ... I think he just wanted to be with his dad." The latest insult came in mid-August 2003, when Officer Neubert filed a lawsuit against Aaron's mother for negligence in allowing Aaron to drive the car in which he was killed and causing Officer Neubert's alleged injuries (a sore back).

Oakland, California: Jamil Wheatfall, age 36

April 14, 2001; Beaten to death by police – Police allege that Jamil Wheatfall was driving the getaway car involved in a bank robbery that took place at 3:pm April 14, 2001 at the Wells Fargo Bank on Fruitvale Ave. At 5 Pm that afternoon, Jamil was seen by police parked in front of his brother-in-law's house. An officer pulled up behind him. Jamil did not exit his car, neither did the officer. After about 15 seconds, Jamil drove back into the streets. As Jamil continued north, the officer activated his dome lights. Jamil did not stop. After traveling 5 or 6 blocks, Jamil ran into a dead end and his car stalled. According to witnesses, Jamil got out of his car and struggled with an Oakland Police Officer for a moment. He then raised both hands with his palms forward and said three times, "I submit. I submit. I submit." Six officers surrounded him and beat him with metal and wooden batons about the head and upper body. At some point, Jamil fell to the ground. Still the officers continued to beat and kick him. Jamil struggled up on his knees and a carotid chokehold was applied by one officer while another hyper-extended Jamil's right arm up. This action forced Jamil's body to the ground while his neck was being pulled back. After Jamil was on the ground, the carotid hold was not released and the officers continued to beat and kick him until his body stopped moving. After he was cuffed and subdued the police left Jamil lying on the ground. A witness has stated that he could see that something was definitely wrong because he observed that Jamil's stomach was not moving as one would expect after all of that exertion. The officers were just standing around until one officer, observing that something seemed wrong with Jamil, told another officer, who got a CPR kit from the patrol car. At this point the Fire Department arrived and was unable to get a pulse. The police officer removed the cuffs but they were unable to get a pulse from his wrist. When the paramedics arrived, they were unable to get a pulse. Jamil was taken to Highland Hospital where he was pronounced dead 13 minutes after his arrival. Police and forensic experts allege that he died as a result of cocaine intoxication. His family and community activists counter that he was deliberately killed by the police and their use of brutal and excessive force. Jamil Wheatfall struggled with drug problems it is true but he was more than just that. He was the loving father of three children and the beloved son of his parents. He was known as the family jokester and could always be counted on to keep everyone laughing. He was a talented and creative person with a



passion for drawing and poetry. His father says that he could draw just about anything perfectly from memory. He is missed daily by his large family including his three sisters, five brothers, his parents and his large extended family. The family has a civil suit pending against the Oakland Police Department. *Source: Oakland Tribune, Interviews with family*

San Francisco, California: Idriss Stelley, age 23

June 13, 2001; Shot and killed by police – Idriss Stelley, a 23-year old French-African-American college student with a 4.0 grade point average, was shot more than 20 times and killed by the police at the Sony Metreon Theater in San Francisco. Idriss Stelley had suffered from chronic depression since the age of five. On the night of June 13, he was not feeling too well. Hoping to improve his mood, he and his fiancée went to San Francisco's state-of-the-art Sony Metreon complex. Once there, however, Idriss edged toward a psychiatric crisis. Feeling very unstable and agitated, he lit a cigarette inside one of the theaters. As the situation escalated, his fiancée called his mother. On the mother's advice, his fiancée called the police herself, and requested a psychiatric intervention - specifically, a 5150. Soon, multiple police units arrived at the complex; all the theaters were evacuated. Nine officers entered the empty room where Idriss remained. AFTER speaking with Idriss' fiancée, who very clearly requested crisis intervention and hospitalization, police approached Idriss. They did so while wielding their batons and pepper spray. Instead of behaving in a way that would diffuse a very tense situation, the police thoughtlessly and rapidly escalated it by further agitating him. The nine officers, who were well equipped with bullet proof vests, as well as guns, batons and pepper spray, claim that Idriss, who kept a 2-inch pocketknife on a chain attached to his belt, advanced on them waving the knife around. When Idriss did not obey their orders to drop the little knife, police claim, they had, no choice but to open fire. In the ensuing melee one officer was struck by a stray bullet from one of his fellow officers' gun. Another officer cut himself severely on his own knife while aiding the fallen officer. Idriss'



mother, who was on the phone with his fiancée at the time, heard the shots that killed her son. Despite an outpouring of community outrage, the San Francisco Police Department has never provided any reasonable explanation for the officers' use of deadly force. Idriss spoke three languages - French, Spanish and English. He was an extremely bright and loving young man who had been plagued by depression and psychiatric problems from an early age. Despite these challenges, Idriss found the time and energy to volunteer in his community, to tutor others in Spanish and French and in advanced math; to keep up with his chess game; and to lavish attention on his beloved dog and cat. In addition to keeping up with his computer studies at Oakland Business College. He will be deeply missed forever by his mother, his fiancée, his close and loving extended family and by his community. *Source: San Francisco Chronicle, Interviews with family and friends*

2001

New York: Patrick Dorismond

March, 2000 – Patrick Dorismond, a son of Haitian immigrants, was shot and killed by undercover cop Anthony Vasquez during a “buy and bust” operation, in the immediate aftermath of the acquittal of the killer cops in the Diallo case. A security officer for the Grand Central Partnership, a local business improvement district which covers the midtown area, Dorismond was himself an aspiring police officer.



This case exemplified the vicious extent the Giuliani administration would go to justify police killings emboldened by the post-Diallo acquittal. A scuffle ensued after Dorismond rebuffed the undercover officer's inquiry for marijuana, and shots were fired. Dorismond was the fourth unarmed black man shot by New York City police in just over a year. Mayor Rudolph Giuliani expressed immediate support for the police and demonized the dead man for a n alleged violent criminal record. Hours after the shooting, Giuliani released Dorismond's court-sealed juvenile records in an effort to further dehumanize him to justify the police killing. The juvenile records only reveal minor charges imposed when Dorismond was a teenager. This action by Giuliani contributed to greater public outcry, especially within the Haitian community. At his funeral, the NYPD deliberately charged the large mass of people who were outside of the church and protesting the killing. Several arrests were made ! and many more were beaten and brutalized. It was later uncovered too that the mayor neglected to reveal that Det. Vasquez also had a blemished record as an officer, but the

Dorismond family has yet to see justice. And it would be at least another year before the last defendant arrested at the Dorismond funeral would have their names and records cleared.

New York: Malcom Ferguson

March, 2000 – Malcolm Ferguson was a 23-year-old Black man, who participated in a large neighborhood protest against the Diallo acquittal, was himself murdered by police in the Soundview section of the Bronx just two blocks away from where Amadou Diallo was killed a year earlier. Malcolm was shot in the back of the head as he lay face-down, unarmed, on a second-floor landing after he fled from officers who attempted to stop him. Undercover cop Louis Rivera claimed he shot because he felt his life was in danger, but there is no explaining away the fact that Malcolm was shot point blank in the head. No charges were brought against the cop who murdered Malcolm despite contradictory and conflicting accounts put out by Rivera himself.



In reality, Ferguson was only arrested and convicted once. However this didn't stop Mayor Giuliani to immediately demonize Ferguson's character in order to justify the shooting by calling him a repeated drug offender. Over 100 person responded to this police killing coming so closely after the Diallo acquittal verdict. Ferguson's mother, Juanita Young, quickly responded by contesting the shooting and the premise by which the police justified it, and also began to wage a determined struggle to uncover the truth. Consequently, Juanita Young herself, and her family, has been targeted by the police for harassment and retaliation for her outspokenness in questioning the shooting.

TO SUBMIT A CASE TO THE STOLEN LIVES PROJECT:

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

Name of person killed by law enforcement: _____ Age: _____

Nationality: (*Black, White, Latino, Asian, Native American, other*) _____

Where it Happened (*City, State; or county, state*) _____

What Happened : *brief description* _____

When it Happened: *month* _____ *date* _____ *year* _____

Picture if possible (*not your only copy*)

Reference that can be checked for verification: (*Newspaper article; family letter or statement*)

Method to reach you for verification or further information: *phone* _____

address _____

email _____

AND EMAIL TO: info@october22.org,

OR MAIL TO: October 22nd, P.O. Box 2627, New York, NY 10009

Collecting data for the Stolen Lives Project

The following are some guidelines for collecting data for the Stolen Lives Project. The current database is online and accessed by registered users only. If you would like to assist with entering information into the database or if you would like to forward information you have documented, please contact info@october22.org. Refer to the below if you would like to help gather data to be entered, regardless of whether or not you would enter the data directly.

The information that is needed or that would be helpful include (asterisks are next to the items that are required):

- *1) Name: Include nicknames, if any. If no name is given, you can enter "Unidentified man," "Unidentified woman," etc.
- 2) Gender: The pull-down menu on the database lists "male," "female," and "LGBT" as options to choose from.
- 3) Ethnicity: For statistical purposes, there are only five options to choose from the pull-down menu on the database: "Asian," "Black," "Indigenous," "Latino," and "White."
- 4) Nationality: Be as specific if you can. "Latino" is fine, but "Puerto Rican," "Dominican," "Mexican," or "Colombian" are more specific. Please do not guess a person's nationality based on the person's name.
- *5) How Killed: The pull-down menu on the database includes: "accidental bystander," "beaten to death," "car chase," "electric shocked," "electrocuted," "medical neglect," "negligence in prison," "shot," "shot by border patrol," "stabbed," "suffocated," and "tortured." Please specify any situation that does not fall into these categories.
- *6) Who Killed: the pull-down menu on the database includes: "police," "county sheriff," "prison guard," "off-duty cop," "border patrol," and "housing police." Please specify any law enforcement that does not fall into these categories.
- 7) Age: If all you know is "teenager" or "early 30s," it is okay to enter that. If you happen to know the birthday of the Stolen Life, there is a field in the database for that as well.
- *8) Date Killed: If someone is shot on one day but dies five days later, this can either be entered as "shot Jan. 4, 1998; died Jan. 9, 1998," or you can just enter the date they were shot (or choked, etc.) under "Date Killed" and explain the rest in "Circumstances."
- *9) Location: This is often ambiguous. In New York City, you could indicate the borough, followed by the neighborhood in parentheses. For example, "Brooklyn (East New York)." For Long Island and Westchester, you could indicate "Long Island (Oyster Bay)" or "Westchester (Ossining)." Other regions, it depends. If the state is not broken down into regions, include the county, city, or town; you can put the name of the neighborhood in parentheses after that if you want. California, Illinois, New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania are broken down (see the item #10). Give whatever information you have. If the article only says "western Texas" or "Florida panhandle," that's better than nothing. If the location is a jail or prison, make that clear ("San Quentin Prison" or "Snohomish County Jail", for example).
- 10) City-State: In general, it is the name of the state. The exceptions are California, Illinois, New York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, which are subdivided.
 - California includes: Central California, Los Angeles, San Diego / Southern California, and San Francisco Bay Area / Northern California
 - Illinois includes Chicago and Illinois (Outside Chicago)
 - Ohio includes Cleveland, OH and Ohio (Outside Cleveland)
 - New York includes New York City / Westchester / Long Island and Upstate New York
 - Pennsylvania includes Central Pennsylvania, Philadelphia / Eastern Pennsylvania, and Pittsburgh / Western Pennsylvania.
- 11) Circumstances: This is very free-form; there is no special format to follow. Depending on how much information you have, it can be one line or half a page. Put in anything you think is relevant, but don't be unnecessarily long-winded. Here are some general guidelines:
 - a) It must be clear that the person was killed. People can be shot but survive. Write, "Shot and killed by police after..." Or even, at the end of the description, if it still isn't clear, just add the sentence "He died from his wounds," "She was killed at the scene," etc.
 - b) Very often cops or institutions that support the police lie and the mainstream press generally reports the police version of events as the truth, often not even indicating conflicting accounts. Stories tend to change as investigations or witnesses are revealed, but for the most part police killings are officially justified by the authorities or appear justified to the public due to the media's coverage of the cases. Don't disbelieve everything you hear/read – just be wary of the information that is provided due to the historical reality of how police brutality cases are presented to the public. To be accurate, you could use phrases like "allege," "claim," "supposedly," etc. Indicate if no weapon was found, if cops refuse to say whether a weapon was found, or if cops claim to have recovered a weapon from the scene, if this applies. Indicate if the victim was unarmed.
 - c) Include information on relevant protests, vigils, lawsuits, etc. around the case.
 - d) Say more rather than less, without overdoing it. It is easier to cut something out later than to go back to the article, re-read it, and add information (assuming you even know that the article contains more information that just wasn't entered).

However; try to keep the length to under 200 words in all cases (barring a few extraordinary ones where there is some compelling reason for more), and try to aim for under 100 words. These are not hard and fast limits, but try to revise and cut out excess words, overly long explanations, etc. The book should hopefully be very readable.

e) Please use full sentences. Say "XXX was shot five times and killed by police," rather than "Shot five times and killed by police." This makes for easier reading.

f) Spell out numbers under and including ten; use numerals for larger numbers. If the number is the first word in the sentence, spell it out regardless of whether it is greater or less than ten.

g) Make it clear who killed the victim (cops, FBI, border patrol, etc.); be sure to indicate if the cop was retired, an ex-cop, or off-duty. You can also indicate if she or he was a plainclothes cop.

h) Include the names of the cops and authorities involved.

*12) Sources: Make note of all sources that were used to attain information on the case. Write out the complete name of a publication or website, and include all dates. If the information is from family, friends or witnesses, try to provide as much information as possible about the individual, particularly his or her relationship to the Stolen Life. If the information is from an SLP form, list it as "SLP form." The database allows for the uploading of texts under "Assets."

13) Photos: Any photos of the Stolen Life could be included in the book, but electronic versions need to be a maximum of 140 pixels wide and/or 165 pixels high.

Keep a log of any questions that arise as you go along. Record them by name, date, and state.

9/9/98, revised 10/20/06

2006

Oliver Big O 37
San Francisco, CA 6.24.2006

Ronald Brazier 17
Oakland, CA 8.2.2006

Charles Breed 33
San Francisco, CA 8.27.2006

David Cross 44
Santa Cruz, CA 9.17.2006

Nickolos Cyrus 29
Mukwonago, WI 7.9.2006



Karen Eklund 37
San Francisco, CA 3.23.2006

Angilo Freeland 27, black
Lakeland, FL 9.29.2006



Joaquin Figuerora -
Fresno, CA 8.4.2006

Oliver Lefiti 37, asian
San Francisco, CA 6.24.2006

Ashley McDonald 19, white
Huntington Beach, CA 8.25.2006

Kim Saelio 22
Oakland, CA 6.21.2006

Arthur Sanchez 34
Fresno, CA 4.30.2006

Asa Sullivan 25, black
San Francisco, CA 6.6.2006

Angilo Freeland 27, black
Lakeland, FL 9.29.2006

Harold Ward 28, black
Indianapolis, IN 7.6.2006

Chakhan Nance 26, black
Newark, NJ 7.30.2006

Scott Eriksen 20, white
Long Island, NY 6.12.2006



John Gambino 25
Brooklyn, NY 9.29.2006

Bradley Horton 25, white
Chautauqua County, NY 6.25.2006

Mingo Mason 18, black
New York, NY 9.16.2006

Rachel Soto 32, white
Albany, OR 7.20.2006

Christopher Gonzales
I 9, latino - Austin, TX 8.30.2006

Unidentified Man -
Norfolk, VA 7.26.2006

Nickolos Cyrus 29
Mukwonago, WI 7.9.2006

2005

Armando Aguilar 33
near Los Gatos, CA 8.5.2005

Julio Ayala 26
South San Francisco, CA 4.3.2005

Evaristo Barajas 36
Redwood City, CA 1.2.2005

Little Booker 75
Long Island, NY 5.20.2005

Katrina Campos -
Fresno, CA 9.21.2005

Jerome Carter -
Fresno, CA 7.3.2005

Fernando Casares 37
Redwood City, CA 3.15.2005

Carlos Casillas Fernandez 31
Santa Rosa, CA 7.16.2005

Troy Guido 33
Foster City, CA 7.18.2005

Vong Her -
Fresno, CA 2.1.2005

Byron Hearst 28
Brooklyn, NY 5.8.2005

Robert Heston 40
Salinas, CA 2.20.2005

Craig Holden 21, black
San Francisco, CA 9.21.2005

Richard Kim 49, asian
Dublin, CA 8.11.2005

Kenneth King 24
Fresno, CA 11.25.2005

Kamal Lal 43
Belmont, CA 3.6.2005

Kwang Lee 61, asian
Dublin, CA 8.11.2005

Eric Mahoney 33
Fremont, CA 7.29.2005

Samuel Martinez 34, latino
San Jose, CA 5.27.2005

Daniel Mendoza -
Fresno, CA 6.18.2005

Maurice Milligan 30
Brentwood, CA 8.31.2005

Hai Nguyen 22, asian
San Jose, CA 1.22.2005

Brian O'Neill 33
San Jose, CA 8.1.2005

Julio Paredes 23
Emeryville, CA 7.4.2005

Andres Raya 19, latino
Ceres, CA 1.9.2005

Greg Saulsbury 30
Pacifica, CA 1.2.2005

Edenar Talens 36
Fremont, CA 8.1.2005

Jie Wang 25, asian
Berkeley, CA 2.24.2005

Tou Yang -
Fresno, CA 8.21.2005

Alexander Zagovalov 24, white
Indianapolis, IN 1.24.2005

Ronald Madison 40, black
New Orleans, LA 9.4.2005

Andrew Chung 28
Newark, NJ 6.17.2005

Kalik Church 31
Trenton, NJ 11.12.2005

Dennis Howard 13
East Orange, NJ 11.5.2005

James Stillson 33
Monmouth County, NJ 5.8.2005

Brian Allen 46
Jamaica, NY 1.6.2005

Little Booker 75
Long Island, NY 5.20.2005

Paul Bookson 71, white
Brooklyn, NY 9.22.2005

John Cox 39, black
Bellport, NY 4.22.2005



Stephonne Crawford 21
Brooklyn, NY 11.4.2005

Leonel Disla 19, latino
Bronx, NY 10.30.2005

Byron Hearst 28
Brooklyn, NY 5.8.2005

Tolsie Nohar 17
Queens, NY 2.14.2005

Montique Smalls 38
Brooklyn, NY 2.20.2005

Terrence Thomas 35, black
Queens Village, NY 7.27.2005

Virginia Verdee 12, black
Bronx, NY 9.23.2005



Richard Townsend 50, white
Corvallis, OR 11.25.2005

2004

Zaim Bojcic 40, white
San Jose, CA 9.26.2004

Cammerin Boyd 29
San Francisco, CA 5.5.2004

Dyron Brewer 24
Stockton, CA 9.4.2004

Andre Brown 40
San Francisco, CA 11.23.2004

Rodolfo Cardenas 43, latino
San Jose, CA 2.17.2004

James Carrel -
Fresno, CA 2.10.2004

Timothy Diaz -
Vallejo, CA 6.21.2004

Alfred Farrar 59, white
San Jose, CA 3.6.2004

Durrell Feaster 18
Stockton, CA 1.19.2004

John Ho 43, asian
San Jose, CA 6.14.2004

Eric Kleemeyer 22, white
Santa Clara, CA 1.4.2004

Roberto Lombana 18
near Stockton, CA 1.12.2004

Unidentified Man 0
San Francisco, CA 6.21.2004

Gabriel Martinez 25
Fresno, CA 7.22.2004

Reynaldo Martinez 31
Fresno, CA 9.3.2004

Johnnie Nakao 21, asian
San Jose, CA 8.12.2004

Mario Perez 0
Hanford, CA 4.8.2004

Francisco Reyes 25, latino
San Jose, CA 2.18.2004

Michael Rosa 0
Seaside, CA 8/2004

Gustavus Rugley 21
San Francisco, CA 6.29.2004

Michael Sanders -
Fresno, CA 8.20.2004

Martin Louie Castro Soriano -
UC Davis, CA 12.12.2004

Jaden Soto 34
Sunol, CA 3.24.2004

Floyd Strong 23
Vallejo, CA 9.11.2004

Andrew Washington 21
Vallejo, CA 9.14.2004

Deon Whitfield 17
Stockton, CA 1.18.2004

David Zapata 21, latino
Fresno, CA 2.6.2004

Juan Zaragoza 31
Fresno, CA 12.19.2004

Ricardo Zaragoza 40
Sacramento, CA 11.8.2004

James Larue 19
Colorado Springs, CO 7.8.2004

Frank Lobato 63
Denver, CO 7.11.2004



Roman Rael 31, latino
Denver, CO 5.30.2004

V. Bryant Davenport 46
Bristol, CT 3.5.2004

Dennis Kissel 60
Seymour, CT 6.4.2004

Mack Lucky 57
New Haven, CT 11.8.2004

Unidentified Man -
New Haven, CT 12.16.2004

Ronald Wagner 37
Stratford, CT 11.20.2004

Joseph Golden -, black
Pensacola, FL 7.1.2004

Bert Bowen 40
Boston, MA 6.27.2004



Luis Gonzalez 58
Boston, MA 7.2.2004



Thomas Shea 45
Foxboro, MA 6.23.2004



David Baker 49, black
Burlington, NC 7.5.2004

Ricardo Garza 29, latino
Newton, NC 9.25.2004

Allen Grimes 40, white
Greensboro, NC 6.23.2004

Billy Oxendine 37, white
Lumberton, NC 7.8.2004

Antonio Pryce 23, black
High Point, NC 10.2.2004

William Rochelle 15, black
Durham, NC 7.12.2004

Sidney Templeton 44
Statesville, NC 6.12.2004

Kenneth Terry 35, white
Eden, NC 4.22.2004

Gregory Alli 34
Mount Olive, NJ 10.11.2004

Juan Arroyo 23
New Jersey, NJ 4.9.2004

Christopher Burgess 20
New Jersey, NJ 4.9.2004

Pablo Burrios-Salas 29
Wildwood, NJ 9.18.2004

Darryl Clayton 36
Paterson, NJ 2.17.2004

Fernando Cruz 32
Newark, NJ 4.22.2004

Brian Fillmore 20, black
Irvington, NJ 12.25.2004

William Gainous 20
Newark, NJ 7.13.2004

Curtis Good 41
Perth Amboy, NJ 8.20.2004

Unidentified Man -
Essex County, NJ 7.18.2004

Unidentified Man -
Newark, NJ 7.27.2004

Unidentified Man -
Elizabeth, NJ 2.24.2004

Vincent McConnell 16
Hoboken, NJ 10.5.2004

Gil Even Santiago-Marquez 37
Paterson, NJ 12.8.2004

Joel Torres 25
Camden, NJ 3.23.2004

Unidentified Woman 30
Newark, NJ 6.23.2004

Oscar Young 22
Camden, NJ 10.22.2004

Wilson Alba 31, latino
Brooklyn, NY 2.8.2004



Juan Aponte Huerta 47
New York, NY 6.20.2004



Jamal Blount 33, black
Long Island, NY 5.31.2004

Thomas Cipolla 28
New York, NY 2.15.2004

Gayle Duran 19
Bronx, NY 12.15.2004

Marie Fares 60
Ditmars, NY 12.14.2004

Gregory Gehan 52
Schaghticoke, NY 12.30.2004

David Glowczenski 35
South Hampton, L.I., NY 2.4.2004

David Guzman 33
New York, NY 9.24.2004

Juan Huerta 47, latino
New York, NY 6.20.2004

Carleton Lockhart 32
Bronx, NY 12.10.2004



Unidentified Man 50
Long Island, NY 12.20.2004

Rashawn Sharif Moody 18
Brooklyn, NY 8.30.2004

Boangeres Mota 37
New York, NY 9.27.2004

George Perez 25
Brooklyn, NY 9.15.2004

Dante Pomar 19, latino
Kew Garden Hills, NY 7.29.2004



Leroy Smalls 41
New York, NY 3.9.2004

Timothy Stansbury 19
New York, NY 1.24.2004

Jamal Blount 33, black
Long Island, NY 5.31.2004

James Wilson 42, white
Long Island, NY 7.16.2004



David Glowczens 25
South Hamptons, NY 5.4.2004

William Baylor 22
Philadelphia, PA 10.18.2004

Angelo Boria 0
Reading, PA 10.1.2004

Eugene Griffy 19
Lancaster, PA 5.9.2004

Johnny Santana 19
Columbia, PA 7.20.2004

Kermith Sonnier 37
Brownsville, PA 5.5.2004

Andrea Umphrey -
Pittsburgh, PA 5.7.2004

Brian Weaver 43
Philadelphia, PA 5.28.2004

Barron Wright 25, black
Poconos, PA 4.13.2004

John Harris III -
Spartanburg, SC 8.18.2004

Gregory Velasquez 39
Madison, WI 3.9.2004



Travis Posselt 30
Rock Springs, WY 5.28.2004

Paul Reynolds 25
Cheyenne, WY 4.18.2004

Luis Vazquez 49
Torrington, WY 2.15.2004

2003

Mario Albert Madrigal 15, latino
Mesa, AZ 8.25.2003

Homero Campos 23
San Jose, CA 5.7.2003

Atilano Doporto 29
Fresno, CA 3.21.2003

Robert Freeman 16
Richmond, CA 6.12.2003

Glennel Givens 27, black
Berkeley, CA 7.25.2003

Shurron Grant 23
Engelwood, CA 9.12.2003

Cary Grimé 47, white
San Rafael, CA 8.17.2003

Demetre Hall 23
Fresno, CA 10.26.2003

Justin Hertl 23
Anaheim, CA 11.14.2003

Garland King 59
Fresno, CA 9.4.2003

Jennifer LeBlanc 26, white
Lindsay, CA 10.18.2003

Terrance Mearis 20
Oakland, CA 10.5.2003

Michael Moll 19, white
San Francisco, CA 2.19.2003

Michael Roehl 38, white
Orange, CA 3.21.2003

David Sandoval 37
Modesto, CA 7.21.2003

Kevin Smith 27
Vallejo, CA 8.2.2003

Oscar Tilghman 44
Fresno, CA 7.16.2003

Cau Thi Tran 25, asian
San Jose, CA 7.13.2003

Roland Tugade 42
Vallejo, CA 9.19.2003

Michael Vega 25
Concord, CA 5.10.2003

Cherie Wallace –
San Ramon, CA 8.14.2003

Glen Willis 47
Oakland, CA 8.7.2003

Odell Smith –
Washington, DC 3.25.2003

Surafel Assaminew 30
Atlanta, GA 9.16.2003

Ray Austin 25
Atlanta, GA 9.29.2003

Stanley Bates 35
Atlanta, GA 2.2.2003

Anthony Fortson –
Atlanta, GA 4.27.2003

Robert Jenkins 54
Atlanta, GA 5.24.2003

Unidentified Man 37
Atlanta, GA 4.12.2003

Unidentified Man –
Atlanta, GA 1.1.2003

Ervin Maynard 28
Atlanta, GA 4.9.2003

Ernest Merritt –
Atlanta, GA 3.13.2003

Unidentified Person 33
Atlanta, GA 8.3.2003

Unidentified Person –
Atlanta, GA 4.29.2003

Kenneth Walker –, black
Columbus, GA 12.31.2003

James Williams 29
Atlanta, GA 8.18.2003

Unidentified Woman –
Atlanta, GA 10.10.2003

Marcus Bell 35, black
Chicago, IL 3.18.2003

Jadzia Bobek 19, white
Chicago, IL 1.12.2003

Marnie Burrell 68
Harvey, IL 2.2.2003

Tremell Celestin 24
Gurnee, IL 1.27.2003

John Depoy 53
Stone Park, IL 1.8.2003

Jeremiah Humphrey 33
Chicago, IL 4.23.2003

Pablo Ortega 36, latino
Chicago, IL 4.24.2003

Michael Pleasance 26, black
Chicago, IL 3.8.2003

Dan Schroeder 24
Fox Lake, IL 3.29.2003

Richard Specker 47
Chicago, IL 3.15.2003

Randall Varno 22
Fox Lake, IL 3.29.2003

Bruce Carroll 42
Portage, IN 2.14.2003

Kjeston Rodgers –, white
Louisville, KY 1.15.2003

Jaime Bonilla 18, latino
Charlotte, NC 6.29.2003

Eugene Boseman –, black
Greenville, NC 3.7.2003

David Buchanan 35, white
Harnett County, NC 7.29.2003

Brandon Burnett 19
Raleigh, NC 11.2.2003

Francis Cortez 20, latino
Charlotte, NC 11/2003

Alex Daughety 45
Jamestown, NC 12.15.2003

Everett Davisson 33
Charlotte, NC 8.18.2003

Bill Drye –
Concord, NC 5.10.2003

Ratmir Gasanov Greensboro, NC	35,white 5.16.2003	Michael Newkirk Newark, NJ	30 7.30.2003	Yuekor Yuen Brooklyn, NY	6, asian 11.9.2003
Sherman Glenn Concord, NC	45, black 1.11.2003	Eric Quick I - 295, NJ	31 7.21.2003	Ousmane Zongo New York, NY	35, black 5.22.2003
Antoinette Griffin Troutman, NC	13, black 12.28.2003	Michael Simmons Camden, NJ	27, black 1.29.2003	Kenneth Walker Philadelphia, PA	– 12.10.2003
Christian Griggs Watauga County, NC	22, black 4.17.2003	Othniel Askew New York, NY	31 6.22.2003	Cristino Vargas Mendoza Auburn, WA	28, latino 4.1.2003
Floyd Houser Charlotte, NC	43 11.20.2003	Desean Cathcart New York, NY	26 11.15.2003	Jose Cesar Contreras Madison, WI	39 7.25.2003
Dominique Hurtt Troutman, NC	17, black 12.28.2003	Silverio Del Rios Elmira, NY	33, latino 10.8.2003	Justin Adams Cheyenne, WY	27 10.31.2003
Antonio Miller Troutman, NC	13, black 12.28.2003	Etzel Faulkner New York, NY	42, black 4.16.2003	Robert Dick Cheyenne, WY	45 5.13.2003
John Myers Troutman, NC	15, black 12.28.2003	Anton Goldenburg New York, NY	55, white 3.4.2003	<h1>2002</h1>	
Quentin Reed Troutman, NC	18, black 12.28.2003	Rifka Goldenburg New York, NY	54 3.4.2003		
Gary Rummer Raleigh, NC	50 1.16.2003	John Lagattuta New York, NY	35, white 1.2.2003		
James Rutherford High Point, NC	41, black 3.25.2003	Carlos Lopez New York, NY	19, latino 5.1.2003		
Erica Stevenson Troutman, NC	15, black 12.28.2003	Jose Mateo New York, NY	22 6.24.2003		
Kenneth Suggs Greenville, NC	–, black 1/2003	Allen Newsome New York, NY	17 1.2.2003		
David Summers Troutman, NC	14, black 12.28.2003	Renardo Powell New York, NY	25 10.29.2003		
Jason Webb Raleigh, NC	18 9.30.2003	Floyd Quinones New York, NY	28, latino 4.30.2003		
Matthew West Durham, NC	17, white 7.22.2003	Lucia Rodriguez New York, NY	63, latino 1.5.2003		
Debra Gatewood Piscataway, NJ	46 1.5.2003	Stephen Seignious New York, NY	37, black 9.19.2003		
Jose Ives Weehawken, NJ	17 7.16.2003	Alberta Spruill New York, NY	57 5.16.2003	Peter Contreras Lemoore, CA	24 3.1.2002
Robert Jacovelli Mantua, NJ	40 3.11.2003	Melvin Sylvester New York, NY	65 8.8.2003	Phillip Daniel Aguilar Frenso, CA	24 2.6.2002
Unidentified Man Newark, NJ	– 1.19.2003	Juan Vasquez New York, NY	30, latino 6.16.2003	Tony Dominguez Fresno, CA	37 11.24.2002
Jelani Manigault Teaneck, NJ	24 1.23.2003	Calvin Washington New York, NY	41, black 6.20.2003	Tony Dominquez Fresno, CA	37, latino 11.24.2002
Justin McCarthy Franklin Township, NJ	22 5.30.2003	Russell Wimbush New York, NY	43 11.6.2003	Rick Escobedo Redwood City, CA	39 11.17.2002
				Unidentified Women Los Angeles, CA	22 1.23.2002
				Daniel Foster Fresno/Central Valley, CA	25 8.15.2002
				Eric Foster Fresno, CA	25 8.15.2002
				Mitchell Gibson Los Angeles, CA	24 5.15.2002

Ignacio Gonzalez Tulare, CA	– 7.13.2002	Fred Moraga Burlingame, CA	38 11.3.2002	Kevin Koester Holly Springs, GA	43 4.8.2002
David Grajiola Fresno, CA	36, latino 10.26.2002	Albert Owens Fresno, CA	42 3.9.2002	William LLOYD Atlanta, GA	– 10.15.2002
Tony Hernandez Dominguez Fresno, CA	–, latino 11.24.2002	Unidentified Person Los Angeles, CA	– 1.23.2002	Marty Logan Norcross, GA	46 6.23.2002
Rashan Hill Oakland, CA	18 6.5.2002	Ignacio Rangel Gonzalez Fresno, CA	46, latino 7.13.2002	Unidentified Man Atlanta, GA	– 7.2.2002
Gregory Hooper San Francisco, CA	37 2.2.2002	Randy Reeves Los Angeles, CA	19 4.4.2002	Unidentified Man Atlanta, GA	– 5.25.2002
Jose Javier Vega Fresno, CA	28, latino 1.2.2002	Lydia Rodriguez Fresno, CA	32, latino 9.1.2002	Buddy Merck Atlanta, GA	– 12.31.2002
Dashonnon Jennings Porterville, CA	25, black 1.28.2002	Joshua Russell Oakland, CA	19 3.27.2002	Pablo Pano Atlanta, GA	19, latino 5.5.2002
Angel Jimenez Fresno, CA	31, latino 3.11.2002	Mariano Servin Tulare, CA	27 10.24.2002	Chuck Visa Peachtree City, GA	– 7.14.2002
Douglas Kim Los Angeles, CA	55, asian 2.24.2002	Richard Tims San Francisco, CA	36 3.15.2002	Corey Ward Atlanta, GA	–, black 7.14.2002
Carlos Landois Visalia, CA	– 5.16.2002	Everardo Torres Fresno, CA	24, latino 10.27.2002	Ocie Butler Chicago, IL	65 6.18.2002
Atilano Lay Doporto Fresno, CA	29 3.21.2002	Evelyn Vargas Los Angeles, CA	4, latino 6.1.2002	Qing Chang Chicago, IL	25, asian 1.2.2002
Gregory Lewis Hayward, CA	40 11.28.2002	Mariano Vargas Servin Fresno, CA	27, latino 10.24.2002	Rodney Craig Harvey, IL	38, black 5.28.2002
Unidentified Man Santa Clara, CA	– 3.24.2002	Jose Vega Fresno, CA	28 1.3.2002	Timothy Crotty Chicago, IL	49 5.6.2002
Unidentified Man San Francisco, CA	– 6.14.2002	Mark Volpa Fresno, CA	21 5.25.2002	Louis DecQuir Chicago, IL	36, black 10.18.2002
Unidentified Man Vallejo, CA	– 9.8.2002	Vue Xiong Fresno/Central Valley, CA	23, asian 7.8.2002	Bogdan Fryzlewicz Chicago, IL	27 8.28.2002
Unidentified Man Los Angeles, CA	30 5.19.2002	Jackie Archuleta Westminster, CO	42 1.8.2002	Phil Hayes Chicago, IL	40, black 1.14.2002
Gonzalo Martinez Los Angeles, CA	25, latino 2.15.2002	Damien Steil Westminster, CO	20 2.17.2002	Brandon Haywood Lake Station, IL	20 3.27.2002
Clifford Maxwell Fresno, CA	21 5.4.2002	Kelvin Brooks Atlanta, GA	20 4.25.2002	Gus Kukulas Chicago, IL	– 6.15.2002
Kendraey McCall Los Angeles, CA	16 4.12.2002	Derrick Brown Atlanta, GA	35 3.3.2002	Hector Leyva Chicago, IL	48, latino 9.15.2002
Cecil Menifield Los Angeles, CA	36, black 7.6.2002	Tessa Hardeman Atlanta, GA	– 8.5.2002	Jerry Love Chicago, IL	47 11.25.2002
Brian Miller Los Angeles, CA	42 4.29.2002	Roman Khaimov Duluth, GA	38 8.22.2002	Mary Onderdonk Park Ridge, IL	75, white 10.7.2002
Michael Moaratty Sacramento, CA	35, white 3.11.2002			Miguel Palomo Chicago, IL	22, latino 9.12.2002

Frank Redd Chicago, IL	–, black 9.1.2002	Tino Coppotelli Brevard, NC	33 8.3.2002	Jose Colon Long Island, NY	20, latino 4.19.2002
William Robinzine Chicago, IL	45 7.1.2002	Laquinnis Dye Wingate, NC	22, black 5.6.2002	Ricardo Colon Port Richmond, NY	24, latino 4.21.2002
Sidney Rogers Schaumburg, IL	31 7.7.2002	Robert Guy Franklinton, NC	27, white 12.27.2002	Egbert Dewgard New York, NY	31 5.1.2002
Juan Salazar Chicago, IL	14, latino 10.10.2002	Teyreze Odoms Shelby, NC	17 7.25.2002	Kedrian Edwards New York, NY	19, black 7.26.2002
Edward Siepak Palos Hills, IL	74, white 12.22.2002	Steven Pearson Greensboro, NC	38 7.12.2002	Marcellus Graham New York, NY	28 8.26.2002
Vivian Siepak Palos Hills, IL	69, white 12.22.2002	Tarik Rodgers Williamston, NC	26, black 4.15.2002	Raymundo Guzman New York, NY	27, latino 9.16.2002
Billy Smith Chicago, IL	17, black 4.1.2002	Ronald Surrett Asheville, NC	48 8.26.2002	Julio Henriquez Long Island, NY	21 11.7.2002
Jeffrey Smith Chicago, IL	22 5/2002	Christopher Woods Cherokee County, NC	26, white 9.5.2002	Stefanos Kiladitis New York, NY	21 6.22.2002
Donnell Strickland Chicago, IL	24, black 12.7.2002	Jr. Dover Township, NJ	49 4.10.2002	Georgy Louisgene New York, NY	23, black 1.16.2002
Michael Walker Chicago, IL	21, black 10.10.2002	Nicholas Barrett Hudson County, NJ	27 2.4.2002	Unidentified Man New York, NY	– 10.18.2002
Robert Winters Chicago, IL	30 2.2.2002	Christopher Galliano Dover Township, NJ	48 4.10.2002	Unidentified Man New York, NY	– 6.21.2002
Henry Wolk Chicago, IL	77 3.18.2002	Dominick Galliano Dover Township, NJ	51 4.10.2002	Unidentified Man New York, NY	– 4.15.2002
Randall Wright Lansing, IL	40 12.12.2002	Gail Galliano Dover Township, NJ	49 4.10.2002	Keith McKissick New York, NY	13 7.10.2002
Joseph Yetter Chicago, IL	33 7.31.2002	Unidentified Man Westfield, NJ	– 12.17.2002	Juan Mendez New York, NY	38, latino 1.23.2002
Laveta Jackson Dorchester, MA	36 7.2.2002	Unidentified Man Roseland, NJ	– 3.19.2002	Cesar Mercado New York, NY	47, latino 3.30.2002
Martha Donald Minneapolis, MN	60 8.1.2002	Jason Remillard Egg Harbor, NJ	18, white 3.11.2002	Jamil Moore New York, NY	22, black 9.1.2002
Abu Jeilani Minneapolis, MN	–, black 3.10.2002	Santiago Villanueva Bloomfield, NJ	35, latino 4.16.2002	Alfred Nelson New York, NY	36, black 10.1.2002
Adrian Lark Clarksdale, MS	36 7.21.2002	Gary Williams Dover Township, NJ	46 4.10.2002	William Partlow New York, NY	–, black 7.7.2002
Jimmie Taylor II Warren County, MS	22 10.26.2002	Tina Williams Dover Township, NJ	– 4.10.2002	Ernest Prather New York, NY	39, black 8.27.2002
Eric Barnes Garner, NC	29, black 9.9.2002	Michael Aldridge Rockland County, NY	18, black 7.16.2002	John Rasanen Aqueogue, NY	28 5.17.2002
Tommy Bennett Roanoke Rapids, NC	– 8.17.2002	Paul Angel New York, NY	56 9.1.2002	Jack Retta Ballston Spa, NY	36 7.11.2002
Garfield Brown Greensboro, NC	30, black 5.9.2002	Christopher Burgess Long Island, NY	20 11.28.2002	Ana Roman New York, NY	70 7.8.2002

Craig Bickerstaff 27 Cleveland, OH 1.26.2002	Unidentified Man 39 Houston, TX 6.5.2002	William Pio 43 Auburn, WA 6.26.2002
Joseph Finley 20, indigenous Cleveland, OH 6.28.2002	Esau Marin 25 Houston, TX 4.15.2002	Carnell Porter –, black Lakewood, WA 6.7.2002
Jeffrey Hopkins 23 Cleveland, OH 8.28.2002	Christopher Menifee 23 Houston, TX 7.15.2002	Vandy Thepvongsa 17, asian Renton, WA 4.4.2002
Malcolm Hoyle 16 Cleveland, OH 8.27.2002	Victor Meza 19, latino Houston, TX 3.8.2002	Robert Thomas 60, black Renton, WA 4.7.2002
Ricardo Mason 16 Cleveland, OH 8.27.2002	Thomas Monce-Grissom 18 Galveston, TX 7.21.2002	Kareen White 35, black Federal Way, WA 6.8.2002
Steve Moore 39 Cleveland, OH 6.6.2002	Leonard Mosqueda 38, latino Houston, TX 7.19.2002	Brian Lamb 40 Vernon, WI 2.4.2002
Jermaine Sanders 25 Cleveland, OH 1.15.2002	Serafin Olvera 47, latino Houston, TX 2.24.2002	Michael Moreno 39 New Berlin, WI 6.1.2002
Charles Dixon – Pittsburgh, PA 1.1.2002	Catalina Rico 41, latino Houston, TX 5.6.2002	Bruce Weigel 43 Cheyenne, WY 12.20.2002
Michael Ellerbee 12, black Pittsburgh, PA 12.24.2002	Mario Romero-Mejia 20 Houston, TX 7.11.2002	
Dion Hall – Pittsburgh, PA 1.1.2002	Jack Stuart 42 Houston, TX 2.9.2002	
Damian Jordan –, black Pittsburgh, PA 1.1.2002	Luis Torres 45, latino Houston, TX 1.20.2002	
Bernard Rogers 26, black Pittsburgh, PA 11.15.2002	Jose Vega 27, latino Houston, TX 1.26.2002	
Marcus Alexander 26 Houston, TX 5.24.2002	Adam Alexander 36, white Seattle, WA 1.6.2002	
Damarcus Celestine 16 Houston, TX 7.18.2002	Vince Boutillier 33 Silverdale, WA 4.4.2002	
Daniel Damian 20, latino Houston, TX 6.12.2002	John Buckendorf – Bremerton, WA 7.1.2002	
James Fields 22 Houston, TX 6.12.2002	Gary Burow 35, white Maple Valley, WA 6.30.2002	
Alfred Gamble 29 Galveston, TX 7.21.2002	DeOntrel Davis 17, black Seattle, WA 12.13.2002	
Michael Goodman 40 Houston, TX 4.14.2002	Stephen Edwards – Olympia, WA 11.7.2002	
Oliver Hampton 46 Houston, TX 4.11.2002	Shawn Howell 33 Seattle, WA 11.5.2002	
Waseem Jung 19 Houston, TX 6.9.2002	Brock Loshbaugh 22, white Mill Creek, WA 2.19.2002	
Jimmy Madeley 49 Houston, TX 2.6.2002	Shawn Maxwell 31, black Seattle, WA 2.18.2002	
Unidentified Man 23 Houston, TX 9.24.2002	Richard McCartor 31, indigenous Kent, WA 12.6.2002	